Courseware Development in Education: A Literature Review

Jojames Arnaldo G. Gaddi¹, Camille E. Entendez², Wilje Mae T. Angob³, Emadel Mae R. Orillaneda⁴, Ma. Leea L. Elicano⁵, Julie Kaye Marie Behagan⁶, Shelissa S. Ajoc⁷, Allen Kyle J. Peña⁸, Bernah Rizza May A. Galvez⁹

¹,³Faculty, St. Paul University Surigao, Philippines
²ORCID: 0000-0001-9964-7506, ³ORCID: 0000-0003-4298-3503, ⁴ORCID: 0000-0003-0484-5724
⁵ORCID: 0000-0003-1445-5228, ⁶ORCID: 0009-0005-1246-3082, ⁷ORCID: 0009-0008-7097-6961
⁸ORCID: 0000-0001-7474-1723, ⁹ORCID: 0009-0008-2529-7724, ³ORCID: 0000-0002-3855-3255

ABSTRACT: This literature review explores the transformative role of courseware development in contemporary education, examining its integration of informative content and formative practice questions. Emphasizing the significance of interactive multimedia and game-based approaches, the study delves into trends catering to diverse learning styles and showcasing the adaptability of courseware across disciplines, including power electronics, special education, preschool education, mathematics, and physical education. Utilizing a qualitative descriptive method with literature study techniques, the research critically examines the current state of courseware development, addressing key questions on pedagogical foundations, adaptive learning technologies, and challenges faced by educators. This provides insights into the challenges, opportunities, and implications of courseware development, serving as a valuable resource for educators, policymakers, and researchers navigating the dynamic landscape of education in the digital age.

KEYWORDS: adaptive learning, courseware development, educational technology, game-based approaches, interactive multimedia.

INTRODUCTION

In the dynamic landscape of contemporary education, the development and utilization of courseware play a pivotal role in shaping the learning experiences of students and educators alike. As technology continues to evolve, educators are presented with an ever-expanding array of tools and resources that have the potential to revolutionize traditional pedagogical approaches. Courseware, encompassing a diverse range of digital learning materials, interactive platforms, and instructional content, has emerged as a key player in this educational transformation.

The concept of courseware is revealed as a multifaceted learning resource that seamlessly blends informative content and formative practice questions within the student's learning path, promoting engagement, adaptability, and ongoing assessment (Schroeder, et al., 2022). The integration of interactive multimedia elements, as evidenced by Septiani (2022) and Tran-Duong (2021), represents a prevailing trend, catering to various learning styles and fostering a more profound understanding of subjects. Moreover, the study by Jayachitra (2020) highlights the evolution of e-learning courseware, illustrating its transformation from a complex, resource-intensive process to a more streamlined and cost-effective endeavor due to advancements in technology. This shift aligns with the contemporary availability of authoring software and applications, allowing educators to create engaging e-learning experiences. The collective findings emphasize the growing significance of incorporating multimedia and adaptability to enhance student learning outcomes.

In addition, a consistent theme emphasizing the impact of interactive multimedia courseware on learning experiences. Septiani’s (2022) study looks the efficacy of this approach through experts' validation and positive student feedback, resonating with the observations of Wu and Tai (2016), Gunawardhana and Palaniappan (2016), and Syawaludin et al. (2019). Game-based approaches, such as Pareja (2021) and Harikrishnan et al. (2021), demonstrate the effectiveness of converting traditional lessons into educational games to enhance engagement and learning outcomes. Similarly, the gamification of content, as highlighted by Chen, Tsai & Chang (2019), Pratama and Setyaningrum (2018), and Bakan and Bakan (2018), reinforces the positive impact of such approaches on student participation and content comprehension. The related studies also show the adaptability of courseware development across disciplines, exemplified by studies in power electronics, special education, preschool education, mathematics, and physical education. While each
study employs unique methodologies and models, they collectively illustrate the capacity of courseware to enhance learning across diverse subjects. Further, there are significant reasons why teachers should concentrate their efforts on assisting students in cultivating successful learning habits (Languing, et al., 2023). With the use of courseware, this learning habits can be molded by the teachers inside and outside the school premises.

This research study embarks on a comprehensive exploration of Courseware Development in Education through an extensive literature review. The aim is to critically examine the existing body of knowledge surrounding the creation, implementation, and impact of courseware in educational settings. By delving into the wealth of scholarly articles, research papers, and academic discussions on this subject, the study seeks to provide a clear understanding of the current state of courseware development, the challenges and opportunities it presents, and the implications for both educators and learners.

The educational landscape is witnessing a paradigm shift, with technology becoming an integral part of the teaching and learning process. Traditional classroom practices are increasingly being supplemented or replaced by digital alternatives, necessitating a closer examination of the intricacies involved in the development of effective courseware. The more creative and proactive a country, particularly the students in this era of global integration, the more opportunities it will have to participate in the world's great playground (Gaddi, et al., 2024). This literature review seeks to contribute to the discourse on courseware development by synthesizing existing knowledge for future research and implementation strategies.

As we embark on this exploration, it becomes imperative to address key questions such as the pedagogical foundations of courseware, the role of adaptive learning technologies, the impact on student engagement and achievement, and the challenges faced by educators in integrating courseware into their instructional practices. By engaging with the multifaceted dimensions of courseware development, this study aspires to inform educators, policymakers, and researchers about the evolving landscape of education in the digital age and to provide insights that can shape the design and implementation of courseware for enhanced learning outcomes.

METHOD

The method used in this research is a qualitative descriptive method with literature study techniques. In this context, the researcher examines literature encompassing books, articles, conference proceedings, government policy documents, and other relevant materials to gather information pertinent to the discussed topic. The research aims to acquire insights that can contribute to resolving existing challenges. Following Creswell's (2012) perspective, a literature review is a compilation of past and contemporary knowledge found in articles, books, and various documents. It involves organizing the literature based on thematic elements and documenting it in a manner aligned with the specific requirements of the study.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

1. Courseware

Courseware is a learning resource that integrates expository content with formative practice questions in short, objective-aligned lessons while also offering adaptivity and assessments within the flow of the student’s learning path (Schroeder, et al., 2022). This integrated approach optimizes learning by providing targeted content, active practice, adaptability, and assessment seamlessly throughout the student’s educational journey. As cited from the study of Septiani (2022), the interactive multimedia courseware is an independent computer-based learning media that integrates various elements of texts, images, photos, audio (music, narration), video, and animation in one learning application product. This integration of multimedia elements aims to enhance engagement and provide diverse learning experiences. Interactive multimedia courseware capitalizes on visual, auditory, and kinesthetic learning styles, catering to a broader range of learners’ preferences and fostering a more comprehensive understanding of the subject matter.

In addition, Tran-Duong (2021) from his study make an application of the programmed instruction method in designing the e-courseware to support Vietnamese students in self-review and self-consolidation knowledge related to fractions (4th grade mathematics).

According to Jayachitra (2020), e-learning courseware is an important and effective model of teaching and learning to enhance students’ academic achievement. In the past, developing e-learning courseware was not an easy task as no authoring tools available. Thus, creating e-learning courseware would require a group of programmers with good IT savvy to do the coding and programming. Besides that, the cost is another factor to be considered as far as e-learning courseware development is concerned. On the other hand, as technology today gets more and more advanced, e-learning courseware development is made simple and more economical
as there are varieties of authoring software or application available in the market. Horton & Horton (2003) as cited from the study of Lee (2022) stated that authoring and integrating the content are parts of the process of creating e-learning. With these, the educators, may use the authoring software and integrate the related teaching and learning content to develop their e-learning courseware.

2. Interactive Multimedia Courseware Development

The study conducted by Septiani (2022) emphasizes the dependability and suitability of interactive multimedia courseware for educational use, as shown by their study results. Validation by experts yielded an average score of 95.83% from media experts and an even higher 97.57% from material experts. Similarly, practical validation achieved an average of 85.57%, and feedback from students through questionnaires showed an average score of 84.22%. These combined outcomes strongly support the effectiveness and appropriateness of interactive multimedia courseware. This alignment with previous research is evident, especially in the work of Wiana et al. (2018), which highlighted the improved learning experience brought about by interactive multimedia courseware. Interactive multimedia courseware serves as a solution to counter the dwindling student interest often associated with traditional lecture-based teaching methods and PowerPoint presentations. Traditional PowerPoint slides often lack engagement and effectiveness in conveying information. Importantly, the quality of information in e-learning systems is a significant consideration, as noted by Alshehri et al. (2019).

Previous studies consistently highlight the notable impact of interactive multimedia courseware on boosting student motivation. Wu and Tai (2016) found a meaningful connection between using interactive multimedia courseware and increased motivation. This sentiment is echoed by Gunawardhana and Palaniappan (2016), who discovered that students respond positively to interactive multimedia courseware as a learning tool. Additionally, Syawaludin et al. (2019a) demonstrated that interactive multimedia courseware actively involves students, promoting independent problem-solving and analytical skills. Leow and Neo (2014) contribute to this discussion by revealing that 93.5% of students recognized interactive multimedia’s courseware adaptability to different learning styles and speeds. This adaptability enhances its appeal. Moreover, interactive multimedia courseware plays a crucial role in improving understanding, with 87.5% of students attributing their improved grasp of materials to its use. This observation aligns with proceeding research, as seen in the work of Syawaludin et al. (2019b).

3. Game-Based Approach Courseware Development

Pareja (2021) developed a Game-Based Approach Courseware in Learning Computer System Servicing. It was found out that the to adopt the opportunities offered by developed game-based courseware, it is essential to focus on lessons learned in Computer System Servicing. Features such as peer to peer learning and camaraderie between learners and educators have been found significant in traditional lessons and converted to educational games, as modern technologies move into the informative mainstream. In similar, a study of Harikrishnan, et.al. (2021) reveal that Digital Game Based Learning (DGBL) Courseware is a suitable tool for teaching slow learners, as it allows them to engage actively and practice DGBL Courseware as a learning tool. The researchers focus on following stages of courseware development: requirement analysis, design and development, including alpha testing by validation from experts, and beta testing, which is user acceptance test to support the efficiency and effectiveness of the courseware for further improvement. In addition, game-based learning is a teaching approach practiced in the classroom to foster students' understanding of learning topics (Kumar Bhowmik et.al., 2018).

On the other hand, Chen, Tsai & Chang, (2019) in their study indicated that the students were highly interested in the game-based learning method, which integrated knowledge with gameplay by presenting the content of textbooks as images and simulations. The participants could acquire carbon footprint knowledge by completing the levels of the game and then test their knowledge via quizzes during gameplay, receiving instant feedback and a sense of accomplishment. In the study of Pratama and Setyaningrum (2018) found “evidence that the use of educational games could support and increase the mathematics learning outcomes.” Another systematic review of Bakan and Bakan (2018) on game-based learning highlighted research reveals that “educational games play a successful role in terms of both a better understanding of the course content by the students and the participation of the students in this process.” Since then, the amount of research on game-based learning has continued to soar and apply it in the development of courseware.
4. Courseware Development Across Discipline/Field

There are enough studies of courseware development across discipline or field. Krismadinata, Mulya and Juwita (2022) in their study produced an e-learning courseware for power electronics courses which contains chapter on power semiconductor components and chapter on inverters. The researchers adopted development model of Plomp and Nieven (2013) which consists of three stages: (1) preliminary research which includes: analysis of the syllabus, concepts, and characteristics of students; (2) prototyping phase which includes: prototype 1 and prototype 2, and (3) assessment stage. The results show that this courseware is valid, practical, and effective. This courseware can be used to improve student learning outcomes and motivation. In the field of Special Education, Jumi and Muhamad Adnan (2022) develop an online courseware for low-achieving special education students learning communication using an evolutionary prototype with the integration of the SAM model, an instructional design model. As a result, a courseware called the BrightEdu were developed to help the children and about 85% user found it really suitable for the low-achieving special education student.

A study of Savita et.al. (2018) develop a science courseware for Generation Alpha in Malaysia’s Preschools. It reveals that teachers positively feel that the courseware has attractive design and ease of use with appropriate content, yet more activities which are game-based and project-based are needed to sustain the learning and interest of Generation Alpha preschoolers. Furthermore, the content coverage must go beyond than those prescribed in textbooks with appropriate instructional strategies and pedagogical approaches. On one hand, Fatima (2018) developed a mathematics courseware on the topic of Fractions. The ADDLE Instructional Design Model is used in the development and tools used are VB.Net, Game Maker, Adobe Photoshop and Windows XP. The result shows that students are satisfied with the design and find that the courseware is easy to learn. The studies show how courseware utilized in teaching Science and Mathematics among the learners.

In the field of Physical Education and Sports, Zhang, Li, and Zhang (2021) develop a Multimedia Computer-aided Instruction (CAI) Courseware for Hurdle Running and it is proved that multimedia-assisted hurdle teaching is superior to traditional teaching in understanding basic theories and concepts, mobilizing multisensory learning, and enhancing memory, which is more conducive to improving students' enthusiasm and initiative in learning and mastering theoretical knowledge and technical skills than traditional teaching. Similarly, Nordin (2019) make the development of Newton's Law of Motion courseware multimedia for Physics 1. This courseware is developed based on the ASSURE model by using computer equipment and authoring software: Macromedia Authorware 7.0, Macromedia Flash MX 2004 and Abode Photoshop 6.5. The design of this courseware is based on Gagne’s teaching model and learning theory: Behaviorism, Cognitive, and Constructivism. Further, Huang (2016) develops and apply the online courseware for English teaching and verified the effectiveness of online courseware automatic generation system. No major errors and defects were found. The courseware interface is aesthetically appealing and rich in content with excellent dynamic effect that enables students to study independently.

CONCLUSIONS

The current review contributes a broader understanding by encompassing a spectrum of courseware development across various disciplines. While earlier research emphasizes the effectiveness of multimedia and game-based approaches, the present review provides a holistic view by exploring the application of courseware in distinct subject areas. This study highlights how courseware's adaptability and engagement strategies can be harnessed across multiple domains to enhance learning outcomes. The insights from the cited studies with the current review establishes a comprehensive perspective on courseware development, emphasizing its evolving role in modern education and its potential to revolutionize learning experiences.

REFERENCES


